



# Introducing: The Netherlands Commercial Court

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Welcome to Amsterdam

A city with a proud history of commerce and justice

## Who are we?

The Netherlands Commercial Court (NCC District Court and NCC Court of Appeal) is well positioned to swiftly and effectively resolve international business disputes. It is built on a solid foundation: the reputation of the Dutch judiciary, which is ranked among the most efficient, reliable and transparent worldwide. And the Netherlands – and Amsterdam in particular – are a prime location for business, and a gateway to Europe.

Proceedings will be in English. Judgments will be in English. The NCC has the tools to communicate effectively and provide swift and firm guidance in complex litigation. A January 2019 launch date may be realistic depending on the ongoing legislative process.

## NCC will be:

- the NCC District Court: a chamber in the Amsterdam District Court
- the NCC Court in Summary Proceedings (CSP): a chamber in the Amsterdam District Court, which will deal with certain matters requiring an expedited procedure and decision, such as interim measures
- the NCC Court of Appeal: a chamber in the Amsterdam Court of Appeal.

NCC Court of Appeal judgments may be appealed to the Supreme Court.

## **Our Judges**

The NCC will initially have 10 judges: 6 in the NCC District Court and 4 in the NCC Court of Appeal.

As appropriate in light of the caseload, other judges may join. Cases will be assigned in accordance with applicable rules.

## Why NCC?

- NCC is situated in the Dutch courts, which are ranked number 1 worldwide: www.worldjusticeproject.org (civil justice)
- Speedy proceedings: the Dutch courts are the 5th fastest in the European Union with an average of 130 days from a notice to appear to a final judgment
- Language of the entire proceedings is English (including judgment)
- NCC judges are impartial, independent and experienced in complex international business matters





- Cases are heard and disposed of by a three-judge panel Active case management in consultation with the parties: typically a conference will be scheduled to discuss issues, motions, fact-finding and a timetable
- Clear rules of procedure: the NCC Rules provide parties with reliable, transparent guidance on procedural matters
- Focus on global best practices (such as the IBA Rules): the NCC Rules provide flexibility
- Electronic communication: all documents are submitted electronically in eNCC, which is the NCC portal with secure access through the NCC site (<u>www.ncc.gov.nl</u>), allowing Dutch counsel to initiate an action, check the status and scheduled next steps, and submit and download documents
- 24/7 availability: in exceptionally urgent cases, the court is authorised to hear and decide cases anytime, anywhere
- Low costs: a flat court fee.

# What kind of cases can be brought before the NCC?

A matter may be submitted to NCC where the following requirements are met:

- (a) the Amsterdam District Court or Amsterdam Court of Appeal has jurisdiction
- (b) the parties have expressly agreed in writing that proceedings will be in English before the NCC
- (c) the action is a civil or commercial matter within the parties' autonomy
- (d) the matter concerns an international dispute.

**Jurisdiction and agreement for proceedings to be in English before the NCC** The ordinary private international law rules apply. The jurisdiction of the Amsterdam

District Court or Court of Appeal may be based on a choice-of-court clause or such other rules as the defendant's domicile.

Next, parties agree to take the case to the NCC (a chamber within those courts) and to make English the language of the proceedings. This can be done in a clause to that effect, either before or after the dispute arises.

**Civil or commercial matters** 

This requirement is interpreted in a broad sense: contractual disputes, claims in tort, property disputes, or intellectual property, technology, construction or corporate matters, as opposed to criminal charges or administrative proceedings.

The following special types of cases may be appropriate for NCC proceedings:

- A claim in a collective action
- An application seeking a declaration that a collective settlement is universally binding (including third parties), provided the agreement is connected to the Netherlands
- A claim to set aside an arbitral award that is filed in Amsterdam.

International disputes





The "international" test is also broad in scope. It is met not only where one or more of the parties have their domicile in a foreign jurisdiction, but also where the dispute otherwise involves a relevant cross-border interest, such as shareholders, employees or revenue located in or linked to a foreign jurisdiction.

# How can I initiate an action before the NCC?

An action is initiated by submitting an originating document in the NCC portal: eNCC. Members of the Dutch Bar can access this portal and submit or download documents. Lawyers who are a member of the Bar in an EU or EEA Member State or Switzerland may act for a party in cooperation with a member of the Dutch Bar. The court may allow other lawyers to speak at any hearing.

The next steps in the proceedings typically will be:

- Assignment: the case is assigned to three judges and a senior law clerk.
- Defence: the defendant submits its defence in eNCC.
- Case management conference or motion hearing: if the claimant or the defendant makes a motion on procedural or other matters (such as jurisdiction or the production of documents) or for other reasons, a case management conference or motion hearing may be scheduled. Parties may present their arguments.• Judgment on motions: the court rules on the motions. Testimony may be taken, or an expert may be appointed, at this stage or earlier or later.
- Further written submissions: the court may allow the parties to submit further written statements.
- Hearing: a hearing is held in the action. The court examines the parties and allows them to present their arguments. The court may enquire whether the dispute could be resolved amicably and, where appropriate, assist the parties in a settlement process. If appropriate, the court may discuss with the parties whether it would be advisable to submit part or all of the dispute to a mediator. At the end of the hearing, the court will discuss with the parties what the next steps should be.
- Judgment: if so ordered, judgment is given in the action. This maybe a final judgment on the claims or an interim judgment ordering one or more parties to produce evidence, allowing the parties to submit written submissions on certain aspects of the case, appointing one or more experts or taking other steps.

# What rules apply?

The NCC applies Dutch procedure, and this means mainly the Code of Civil Procedure. Proceedings before the NCC are governed by the NCC's Rules of Procedure (see our website <u>www.ncc.gov.nl</u>).

The NCC Rules, in authentic English and Dutch versions, outline the main procedure and practice rules and reflect global best practices (such as the IBA Rules) and many Civil Procedure Code provisions, to create a baseline that judges, lawyers and parties can easily refer to. The applicable substantive law is determined by the ordinary private international law rules.





## How much does it cost?

The NCC charges an upfront fl at fee depending on where the action is initiated:

NCC District Court	€ 15.000, per party
Court in Summary Proceedings	€ 7.500, per party
NCC Court of Appeal	€ 20.000, per party

These fees are not linked to the particulars of the matter.

The unsuccessful party will typically bear the costs of the proceedings (both its own and the successful party's costs).

The parties may make agreements they consider appropriate in respect of costs. Where no agreement is made, the court will, as a rule, apply rates to assess lawyers' fees and expenses, ranging from  $\in$  1,000 to  $\in$  12,000 for each act of process. See Annex III to the NCC Rules (available on <u>www.ncc.gov.nl</u>).

## Contact

If you have any questions or would like more information, please don't hesitate to contact us by email at

## ncc@rechtspraak.nl

Or visit our website: <u>www.ncc.gov.nl</u> Our courthouse address is: Palace of Justice IJdok 20 1013 MM Amsterdam The Netherlands